

Groundwater Contamination by Chlorinated Hydrocarbon Impurities Present in Soil Fumigant Formulations

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Abstract

Groundwater contamination of the Abbotsford aquifer by 1,2-dichloropropane (1,2-DCP) was reported previously. The purpose of the present study is to quantify groundwater contamination by other chlorinated hydrocarbon compounds which are present in fumigant formulations containing 1,2-DCP. Widespread contamination of 1,2,2-trichloropropane (1,2,2-TCP) was measured consistent with a non-point source. 1,2,2-TCP concentration generally decreased with depth suggesting a surface source. Localized contamination by 1,2,3-trichloropropane, 2,3-dichloropropene and 1,3-dichloropropane was detected. Detection of these compounds was associated with higher concentrations of 1,2-DCP suggesting contamination by these compounds may have been from the same fumigant sources. The lack of a decrease in the concentration of most of these compounds over time suggests that the measured contamination will persist for some time. The results highlight the potential for persistent trace impurities in chlorinated fumigant formulations to contaminate groundwater in vulnerable aquifers

Key words

1,2,2-trichloropropane, 1,2,3-trichloropropane, 2,3-dichloropropene, 1,3-dichloropropane, 1,2-dichloropropane

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